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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/660,968	09/12/2003	Wenfeng Xu	99-75C1	7435
7590 05/16/2006			EXAMINER	
Robyn Adams			KAPUSHOC, STEPHEN THOMAS	
ZymoGenetics,	Inc.			
Patent Department			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
1201 Eastlake Avenue East			1634	
Seattle, WA 98102			DATE MAILED: 05/16/2006	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Assistant Communication	10/660,968	XU ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Stephen Kapushoc	1634				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 1 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).						
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on						
•—	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-38</u> is/are pending in the application.	4)⊠ Claim(s) 1-38 is/are pending in the application.					
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6) Claim(s) is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8) Claim(s) <u>1-38</u> are subject to restriction and/or e	8) Claim(s) 1-38 are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of:						
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage 						
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
Attachment(c)						
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)						
2) Notice of Praftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4) [_] Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da					
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)						
Paper No(s)/Mail Date 6) Other:						

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DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restrictions

- 1. Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. 121:
 - I. Claim 1-11, 17, and 27-34, drawn to a polypeptide, classified in class 530, subclass 350.
 - II. Claims 12-16, and 35-38, drawn to a polynucleotide, classified in class 536, subclass 23.1.
 - III. Claims 18 and 19 (in part as in applies to nucleic acid based methods), drawn to a nucleic acid based method to detect cancer, classified in class 435, subclass 6.
 - IV. Claims 19 (in part as it applies to antibody based methods) 23, drawn to an antibody based method to detect cancer, classifiable in class 435, subclass 7.1.
 - V. Claims 24-26, drawn to methods of treating cancer by administering a polypeptide, classified in class 514, subclass 21.

Requirement for further restriction

If applicant elects the invention of group I or II, applicant is further required to elect a single particular SEQ ID NO: from SEQ ID NOs: 2, 27, 29, 35, 38.

If applicant elects the invention of group III, applicant is further required to select a single particular SEQ ID NO: from the nucleic acid SEQ ID NOs: 1, 31, 32, 33, 36, and 38 the polypeptide SEQ ID NOs: 27 and 29.

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If applicant elects the invention of group IV, applicant is further required to select a single particular SEQ ID NO: from the SEQ ID NOs: 2, 35, and 38.

If applicant elects the invention of group IV, applicant is further required to elect a single particular SEQ ID NO: from SEQ ID NOs: 2, 27, 29, and 35 with regard to a polypeptide expressed by a cell (claim 24 parts a-d).

This is not an election of species. The claims of the elected invention will only be examined insofar as they require the selected SEQ ID NO. Claims that do not specifically recite the selected SEQ ID NO: will not be examined.

The inventions are distinct, each from the other because of the following reasons:

2. Inventions I and II are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different designs, modes of operation, and effects (MPEP § 802.01 and § 806.06). In the instant case the molecules of invention I (polypeptides) are composed of amino acids joined together by peptide bonds and form complex tertiary structures such as alpha helices and beta sheets, whereas the nucleic acids of invention II are composed of nucleotides joined by phosphodiester bonds and can from base-paired helical structures.

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3. Invention I and inventions III and IV are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different designs, modes of operation, and effects (MPEP § 802.01 and § 806.06). In the instant case the detection methods based on nucleic acids (group III) and antibodies (group IV) neither recite nor require the polypetides of invention I.

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- 4. Inventions I and V are related as product and process of use. The inventions can be shown to be distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) the process for using the product as claimed can be practiced with another materially different product or (2) the product as claimed can be used in a materially different process of using that product. See MPEP § 806.05(h). In the instant case the polypeptides of invention I can be used in a process other than the protein based treatment method of invention V; for example the polypeptides may be used to generate specific antibodies.
- 5. Inventions II and III are related as product and process of use. The inventions can be shown to be distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) the process for using the product as claimed can be practiced with another materially different product or (2) the product as claimed can be used in a materially different process of using that product. See MPEP § 806.05(h). In the instant case the nucleic acids of invention I may be used for methods other than the detection methods of group III; for example the nucleic acids could be used to affinity purify nucleic acid from a native source, or to screen a plasmid library for an insert of interest.
- 6. Invention II and inventions IV and V are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have

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different designs, modes of operation, and effects (MPEP § 802.01 and § 806.06). In the instant case the antibody based detection methods (group IV) and the protein based treatment methods neither recite nor require the nucleic acids of invention II

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- 7. Inventions III, IV and V are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different designs, modes of operation, and effects (MPEP § 802.01 and § 806.06). In the instant case, the different inventions have the different purposes of cancer detection (groups III and IV) and cancer treatment (group V), and they use different reagents of nucleic acids (group III), antibodies (group IV), and polypeptides (group V).
- 8. Regarding the requirement for further restriction, the different biological molecules identified by different SEQ ID NOs: are unique entities composed of different structures of polynucleotide and amino acid sequences. A search of any one sequence would not be coextensive with a search of any other sequence, and a reference against any particular sequence would not be expected to be a reference against any other different sequence.
- 9. Because these inventions are distinct for the reasons given above and have acquired a separate status in the art as demonstrated by their different classification and recognized divergent subject matter and because inventions I-V require different searches that are not coextensive, examination of these claims would pose a serious burden on the examiner and therefore restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.

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10. The examiner has required restriction between product and process claims. Where applicant elects claims directed to the product, and a product claim is subsequently found allowable, withdrawn process claims that depend from or otherwise include all the limitations of the allowable product claim will be rejoined in accordance with the provisions of MPEP § 821.04. Process claims that depend from or otherwise include all the limitations of the patentable product will be entered as a matter of right if the amendment is presented prior to final rejection or allowance, whichever is earlier. Amendments submitted after final rejection are governed by 37 CFR 1.116; amendments submitted after allowance are governed by 37 CFR 1.312.

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In the event of rejoinder, the requirement for restriction between the product claims and the rejoined process claims will be withdrawn, and the rejoined process claims will be fully examined for patentability in accordance with 37 CFR 1.104. Thus, to be allowable, the rejoined claims must meet all criteria for patentability including the requirements of 35 U.S.C. 101, 102, 103, and 112. Until an elected product claim is found allowable, an otherwise proper restriction requirement between product claims and process claims may be maintained. Withdrawn process claims that are not commensurate in scope with an allowed product claim will not be rejoined. See "Guidance on Treatment of Product and Process Claims in light of *In re Ochiai, In re Brouwer* and 35 U.S.C. § 103(b)," 1184 O.G. 86 (March 26, 1996). Additionally, in order to retain the right to rejoinder in accordance with the above policy, Applicant is advised that the process claims should be amended during prosecution either to maintain

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dependency on the product claims or to otherwise include the limitations of the product claims. Failure to do so may result in a loss of the right to rejoinder.

Further, note that the prohibition against double patenting rejections of 35 U.S.C. 121 does not apply where the restriction requirement is withdrawn by the examiner before the patent issues. See MPEP § 804.01.

11. Applicant is advised that the reply to this requirement to be complete must include an election of the invention to be examined even though the requirement be traversed (37 CFR 1.143).

Applicant is reminded that upon the cancellation of claims to a non-elected invention, the inventorship must be amended in compliance with 37 CFR 1.48(b) if one or more of the currently named inventors is no longer an inventor of at least one claim remaining in the application. Any amendment of inventorship must be accompanied by a request under 37 CFR 1.48(b) and by the fee required under 37 CFR 1.17(i).

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Stephen Kapushoc whose telephone number is 571-272-3312. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday, from 8am until 5pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Ram Shukla can be reached at 571-272-0735. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Stephen Kapushoc Art Unit 1634

> JULIET C. SWITZER PRIMARY EXAMINER